

Объем проекта ВКР — 8—10 страниц.

Цитаты оформляются согласно требованиям, изложенным в *Приложении б*.

Последняя страница подписывается автором.

Приложения

Приложение 1

Лексические и лексико-синтаксические конструкции²,
рекомендуемые для использования в проекте ВКР

1. Предмет и объект исследования

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

The object of this study is ...
(e.g. the world economic systems)

The subject of this study is ...
(e.g. the development of Russian economic system)

Research, investigation, study area

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

Study, investigation, research, analysis: analytical, theoretical, practical

area, issue, problem, challenge: scientific, fundamental, principal, main (subsidiary), basic, pressing, topical, controversial, complex, theoretical (practical), common (particular)

2. Цель и задачи исследования

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

The aim of this study is ...
to analyze

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

the aim: main, chief, primary, principal
глаголы с общим значением исследования:
analyze, investigate, examine, consider,
obtain, determine, find, establish

² *Ляпунова Е.Э.* Английский для экономистов: Справочное пособие для самостоятельной работы над английскими научными текстами. М., 2003.

The purpose (the task) of the study is ... to calculate

глаголы: calculate, compute, estimate, evaluate, develop (method, technology, device), design (device, scheme), construct, fabricate, create (device), assemble device, solve (problem, equation), make, carry out, perform (experiment, study, work)

прилагательные: detailed, careful, extensive, accurate comprehensive, brief, short, preliminary, limited, few, different, various, modern, recent, promising, perspective, possible, similar, important, final

3. Актуальность выбранной темы

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

As analytical surveys show that the problem hasn't been solved yet.

The problem hasn't been thoroughly analyzed.

Recently the problem of ... (e.g. oil price increase) has been brought forefront.

Most of recent analyses fall short of ... reasonable explaining.

Application of ... (e.g. intricate machinery complex) will finally result in adequate ... (e.g. industry development)

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

analytical survey, marketing survey, results of previous studies, informational, technical analyses

thoroughly, effectively, finally, accurately, comprehensively, widely, carefully, extensively

to bring forefront, to place in the forefront

explaining, account for, interpret, elucidate, give, provide, offer (an, the) explanation, (an, the) interpretation, suggest, make a suggestion
reasonable, satisfactory, simple, complicated, exhaustive, complete, possible, adequate, convincing

application, use, employ, apply (to), utilize, be used (employed, applied (to), utilized), find use, find (have) application, be applicable
adequate, effective, elaborate, rigorous,

efficient, expensive, inexpensive, versatile, valid, adequate, promising, perspective, same, another, different, alternative, improved, modified

4. Общая структура исследования

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

The logic of the study is the following:

first

first, first of all, initially, to start with, the first step, at the first stage

second

second, secondly, the second step, at the second stage

third

third, thirdly, the third step, at the third stage

then

then, after that

next

next, subsequently, the next step, at the next stage

finally

finally, the final step, at the final step

5. Теоретическая часть

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

On the hypothesis of ...

on the hypothesis, assume, make (an) assumption, assuming, by assuming, on (under, with) the assumption that ...

The notion to be defined is ...

notion, term, concept, idea

Trying to define ...

define, obtain, estimate, evaluate, deduce, derive from, determine from, estimate, evaluate (from), calculate, compute (from), deduce, derive (from), conclude, make a conclusion, infer (from), expect from, predict from, explain from, interpret from, suggest from

The basic <u>peculiarity</u> of ...	feature, characteristics, <u>peculiarity</u> , be characterized by (some feature, property, etc.), have (some feature, property), be characteristic of, be typical of ...
The <u>primary</u> definition is given ... (e.g. in the politico-economic dictionary after Azimov D.)	<u>primary</u> , certain, definite, usual, ordinary, given, same, different, various, similar, variable, stable, high, higher, low, lower, increased, elevated, moderate, primary ³ , final
<u>Taking into account</u> all these characteristics ...	take into account, consider, take into consideration, allow for, make allowance for, considering, taking into consideration, <u>taking into account</u> , allowing for, making allowance for, with the allowance for, when allowance is made for

6. Аналитическая часть

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

To analyze the <u>effect of</u> ... (e.g. price increases) <u>on</u> ... (e.g. quantity supplied)	<u>effect of ... on</u> , influence of ... on, action of ... on, influence, act on (upon), produce the (an) effect on ...
The results of the analyses are <u>reliable</u> enough to infer ...	<u>be reliable</u> , be valid, be useful, be of use, be helpful, be suitable, be convenient, be efficient, be adequate
(e.g. supply) ... and ... (e.g. demand) are <u>examples of</u> ... (e.g. market powers)	for <u>example</u> (for instance), ... is illustrated by (... is a good illustration of) ..., ... is a case in point ...
Generally there are two types of economy: plan and market. Plan economy <u>can be sub-divided</u> , according to the scale of government activity, into ...	The vocabulary to be used in classifying is: ... consists of ..., ... comprises ..., ... may be classified according to, on the basis of, depending on (upon) may be divided ..., ... <u>can (may) be subdivided</u> ..., ... may be further sub-divided ...

³ Здесь — первичный.

The analyses proved the advantages of ...

advantages, merits, achievement, contribution, grasp, coverage, depth, foundation, considerations, success, survey, treatment, starting point; contain, deal with, survey, treat; adequate, clear, comprehensive, exclusive, deep, original, profound, rich, successful, various, up-to-date, extensive cover of (literature, material), a great variety of, a wide and intelligent grasp of, ... at the high level, in addition to, besides

The most serious disadvantage is ... (e.g. an inappropriate legal framework)

disadvantages, shortcomings, mistakes, misprints, misspells, errors, lapses, omission, feature, references
прилагательные: difficult, disappointing, erroneous, generalized, inadequate, outdated⁴

7. Практическая часть

Рекомендуемые лексико-синтаксические структуры

The results of the study are the following ...

These findings make it possible to conclude that ...

It is necessary that a more thorough study of the phenomenon should be performed

Another method of treatment is proposed

Рекомендуемые лексические конструкции

result (on, of), findings (on), data (on, concerning, as to), evidence (for, of, on, concerning, that) fact (of, concerning, that), provide evidence for, give strong evidence for (of)

lead to a conclusion, make it possible to conclude that ..., concerning, as to ...; conclude, make, draw, reach a conclusion, come to a conclusion that ...; it is concluded that, from the results it is concluded that ..., it may be noted that ..., it may be stated that ..., thus, therefore, consequently, as a result

proposed, suggested, recommended

⁴ Здесь — устаревший.